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VERIFICATION OF SEVERE LOCAL STORM CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY FORECASTS FOR 1975

Donald S. Foster and Ronald M. Reap

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INTRODUCTION

Spring operational severe local storm conditional probability forecast equations, developed by Reap and Foster (1975), were implemented during June 1975. The equations for the spring forecasts were replaced July 1 by summer equations that continued in use through September 1975. The forecasts generated by these equations were distributed to forecast offices nationwide via facsimile and the FAA's request/reply system. They were designed to be used as guidance material for forecasters preparing local and regional forecasts. This paper describes our verification of the severe local storm forecasts. Verification statistics for thunderstorm probability forecasts issued during this period were previously described by Foster and Reap (1976).

SEVERE LOCAL STORM CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY

The severe local storm conditional probability forecasts are forecasts of the probability that a severe local storm will occur if a thunderstorm occurs in that area. The forecast equation was derived by applying multiple screening regression techniques to model predictors archived on magnetic tape and to predictands tabulated from manually-digitized radar (MDR) data and severe local storm reports. The model predictors were 24-hr forecasts from the National Meteorological Center (NMC) six-layer primitive equation model and the Techniques Development Laboratory (TDL) three-dimensional trajectory model. The MDR data were collected from hourly teletype reports and archived on magnetic tape. The data were coded for blocks 74-83 kilometers on a side, whose configuration is shown in figure 1. Severe local storm reports of tornadoes, surface hail ≥ 1.9 cm in diameter, wind gusts ≥ 93 km per hour and wind damage reports that occurred between hr + 0 min and hr + 59 min in an MDR block were merged with the MDR code reported for the block at hr + 30 min. Because of the time difference between the MDR reports and the storm reports it is possible for the MDR code to be below the thunderstorm threshold at MDR observation time and above the threshold at severe storm Therefore, to compensate somewhat for this possible discrepancy, a severe local storm case was defined for verification purposes as a tornado, hailstorm or windstorm that occurred between hr + 0 min and hr + 59 min in a MDR block where an MDR code of 4 or greater was reported at hr -30 min, hr +30 min or hr +90 min. Also, the severe local storm reports must have occurred during the valid time of the forecast which was +3 hours from 0000 GMT. A non-severe local storm case (thunderstorm case) was defined as an MDR code of 4 or greater observed within the period + 3 hours from 0000 GMT, and no severe local storms reported.

VERIFICATION METHOD

The data acquired for verification included for each MDR block all days on which a thunderstorm occurred as defined above, within the forecast valid time, whether or not a severe local storm occurred. First, the MDR data and the severe local storm data were merged on tape for each MDR block. Next, an intermediate data set was created composed of individual daily records. These records contained the forecast conditional probability value and the highest category of severe local storm (tornado, windstorm and hail in descending order), reported in the MDR block during the period ± 3 hours from 0000 GMT. Also included was the highest MDR code reported in the hour prior to, the hour of, or the hour after the severe report. When no severe events were reported, the highest MDR code reported in the 6-hr period was recorded. Next, verification statistics were computed from the intermediate data set and tabulated for examination.

There are a number of verification statistics and scores available for measuring the accuracy of probability forecasts. We decided on two scores that we believe provide sufficient information for a comprehensive analysis of the forecasts. One score, F, may be considered a measure of bias or forecast reliability. The other score, P, is one-half the probability score defined by Panofsky and Brier (1958) and measures the mean squared error of the forecasts. It is a measure of both the reliability and the resolution of the forecasts. Resolution means the extent to which the individual probability forecast approaches the correct values of zero or one.

These scores were computed for individual MDR blocks for each of 10 conditional probability categories, for each MDR block for all categories combined, and for the whole MDR grid for all categories. Limits of the 10 conditional probability categories were as follows: 0.00 to 0.09, 0.10 to 0.19, 0.20 to 0.29,....0.90 to 0.99. The basic tabulation consisted of the number of thunderstorm cases (i.e., number of forecasts) and the number of severe local storm cases for each MDR grid block and for each category. From this tabulation the F and P scores were computed for each MDR block and for each forecast probability category. The F score is defined as:

$$F_i = \frac{(N_i \times R_i) - O_i}{N_i} \times 100$$

where

 N_i = Number of thunderstorm cases in category i,

R_i= Average conditional probability for N_i thunderstorm cases,

 O_i = Number of severe local storm cases in the N_i cases.

For example, if there were 100 thunderstorm cases within the 0.50 to 0.59 conditional probability category with a mean conditional probability of 0.55,

and there were 55 severe local storm cases, the F score would be 0 percent (perfect reliability). If there were no severe storm cases, the F score would be +55% (overforecast). If the average conditional probability in a category was 0 percent and there were 55 severe local storm cases, F would be -55% (underforecast). The range of F is from -100 to +100 percent, with 0 being a perfect score, i.e., no bias.

The P score as used here is defined as:

$$P = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (R_i - I_i)^2 \times 100 \quad \text{Here } R_i \text{ is the conditional probability}$$

for the ith forecast and I_i is the observation, namely 1 if a severe local storm was observed and 0 otherwise. Usually the P score is not multiplied by 100. It is done so here to save space in the computer listings.

VERIFICATION STATISTICS

Two forecast equations were developed, one for the spring season and one for the summer season. For this reason the verification statistics are derived accordingly. Table 1 shows a summary of statistics for each forecast category for the entire MDR grid for the spring period which, unfortunately, included only 19 days in June. Table 2 shows a similar summary for the 88-day summer period, July through September. F scores of +1 for June and -1 for July through September indicate very good forecast reliability. P scores of 6 and 3 showed very good forecast resolution. Average forecast probabilities of 0.08 and 0.02 were very close to the actual probabilities of occurrence of 0.06 and 0.03. A broad glance indicates the forecast equations performed very well.

For a closer examination Table 3 shows day by day statistics for the whole MDR grid for the spring period. Table 4 shows similar data for each day of the summer period. The number of thunderstorm cases, the number of severe local storm cases, an F score, and a P score are shown for nine categories. The tenth category, 0.90 to 0.99 was omitted to conserve table space. No forecasts were made in that category. The total number of severe local storm cases for each day is tabulated in the fourth column from the right. To the right of this column is tabulated the number of thunderstorm cases expected to have severe local storms each day. To the right of this column are the F score and P score for the whole MDR grid for each day. Here we begin to see day to day variations in the F score indicating that on some days severe local storms were either under or overforecast. Fluctuations in the P score also indicate that some days are better than others. Scores appear to fluctuate more in June than in late summer.

For an even closer examination, statistics were tabulated for each MDR block for both the spring and summer periods. The length of these tables precludes including them in this report. As an alternative, the F scores and P scores for each MDR block during the spring period are plotted in figures 2 and 3. Summer period scores are shown in figures 4 and 5. Here we observe even greater fluctuations in scores from one block to another. In addition, greater fluctuations are observed in the northern states than in the gulf coastal area.

SUMMARY AND FUTURE PLANS

We were satisfied with the verification statistics for the severe local storm conditional probability forecasts over the whole MDR grid for whole seasons. However, on a day-to-day and a block-by-block basis, fluctuations from the overall scores indicate there is considerable room for improvement in the forecast equations, reflecting the need for improved resolution in the operational numerical models that generate the predictors.

Future plans call for updating the predictand data by including both 1974 and 1975 MDR and severe local storm data in the development sample. We have tabulated monthly relative frequencies of severe local storms for a five year period and are experimenting with methods to incorporate these data into the equations. We have developed about a dozen new derived predictors that represent large scale meteorological features described in the literature as associated with severe local storm outbreaks. Also, a severe local storm conditional probability equation has been developed for the winter season, January through March. Finally, we have begun to archive trajectory model output derived from LFM forecast parameters to use in developing future probability forecast equations.

REFERENCE

- Foster, D. S., and R. M. Reap, 1976: Verification of thunderstorm probability forecasts for the summer of 1975, <u>TDL Office Note</u> 76-5, National Weather Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Md., <u>25 pp</u>.
- Panofsky, H. A., and G. W. Brier, 1958: Some Applications of Statistics to Meteorology. The Pennsylvania State University, University Park, Pa!, 224 pp.
- Reap, R. M., and D. S. Foster, 1975: New operational thunderstorm and severe storm probability forecasts based on model output statistics (MOS). Preprints Ninth Conference on Severe Local Storms, Norman, Oklahoma, Am. Meteor. Soc., Boston, Mass., 58-63.

19 DAYS DURING THE PERIOD VERIFICATION SUMMARY OF 24-HOUR SEVERE LOCAL STORM CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY FORECASTS FOR 75060100 THROUGH 75063C00. FORECAST VALID TIME IS PLUS OR MINUS 3 HOURS FROM 0000 GKT. TABLE 1.

SCORE						22	13	4	м	•
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OB PROS OF CCC SC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.32	6.23	0.03	0.03	90.0
AVG FCST PROB	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.34	0.24	0.15	0.03	0.03
EXPECTED FCSTS M/O	0	0	0	-		14				214
FUM F N/O	000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	41.4	66.1	100.0	
CUM FESTS M/OCCURR	0	0	0	0	0			115		
PERCENT	00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	33.9	24.7	33.9	160.0
FCSTS W/OCC	0	0	0	0	0	13	59	43	89	174
CUM FCST PERCENT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	10.2	29.1	100.0	
FCSTS	0	0	0	0	0	17	279	791	2722	
PERCERT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	5.7	12.8	70.9	100.0
FCSTS	0	0	0	0	0	1,7	233	512	1931	27.72
CATECORY	62.0 - 02.	.70 - 0.79	69.0 - 09.	.56 - 0.59	65.0 - 05.	.30 - 0.39	.20 - 02.	.10 - 0.19	00.0 - 0.00	TOTAL

Explanation of column headings from left to right for tables 1 and

CUM F W/O PERCENT - Cumulated percent of forecasts with severe local storm occurrences, EMPECTED FUSIS W/O - Expected number of forecasts with severe local storm occurrences, OB PROB OF CCC - Observed conditional probability of severe local storm occurrences, COM FOST PERCENT - Cumulated percent of forecasts from high to low categories, FOSTS W/O PERCENT - Percent of forecasts with severe local storm occurrences, CUM FCSIS W/OCCURR - Cumulated forecasts with severe local storm occurrences, CUN FOSTS - Cumulated forecasts from high to low categories, FOSIS W/OCC - Forecasts with severe local storm occurrences, AVG FOST PROB - Average forecast conditional probability, FOST PERCENT - Percent of forecasts made in each category 42 OF FOSTS - Number of forecasts made in each category, PROBABILITY CATEGORY - Conditional probability category, SCORE - F score for each category, score for each category.

VERIFICATION SUMMARY OF 24-HOUR SEVERE LOCAL STORM CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY FORECASTS FOR 88 DAYS DURING THE PERIOD 73070100 THROUGH 75093000. FORECAST VALID TIME IS PLUS OR MINUS 3 HOURS FROM 0000 GHT. TABLE 2.

SCORE,2								**	•	~	~
SCORE								-80	•	-	7
OB PROB	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.00	0.10	0.05	0.03
AVG FCST PROB	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.20	0.13	0.05	0.05
EXPECTED FCSTS M/O		0	0	•	0	0	0	0	33		238
CUM F W/O	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	8.5	100.0	
CUM FCSTS M/OCCURR	•	0	0	0	•	•	0		92		
FCST W/O	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	8.2	91.5	100.0
FCSTS W/OCC		0	0	0	0	0	0		25		306
CUM FCST PERCENT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	100.0	
FCSTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	263	11688	
PERCENT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	97.7	100.0
FCSTS			0	•	0	0	•				11638
PROBABILITY	6.00 - 0.99	0.80 - 0.89	0.70 - 0.79	0.60 - 0.69	0.50 - 0.59	67.0 - 07.0	0.30 - 0.39	0.20 - 0.29	0.10 - 0.19	60.0 - 0.00	TOTAL

DAILY VERIFICATION OF 24-HOUR SEVERE LOCAL STORM CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY FORECASTS FOR THE DATES INDICATED. FORECAST VALID TIME IS PLUS OR MINUS 3 HOURS FROM 0000 GMT. TABLE 3.

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Explanation of column headings from left to right for tables 3 and 4:

DATE - Month and day,

Number of forecasts made in conditional probability category .00 - .09 with severe local storm occurrences.
 Number of forecasts in conditional probability category .00 - .09 with severe local storm occurrences.

- F score for category .00 - .09 that day,

P - P score for category .00 - .09 that day. This sequence is repeated through category .80 - .89.

SUM 0 - Sum of the forecasts with severe local storm occurrences that day,

- Sum of the forecasts expected to have severe local storm occurrences that day, SUN X

F score that day,

score that day.

TABLE 14. DAILY VERIFICATION OF 24-HOUR SEVERE LOCAL STORM CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY FORECASTS FOR THE DATES INDICATED. FORECAST VALID TIME IS PLUS OR MINUS 3 HOURS FROM 0000 GMT.

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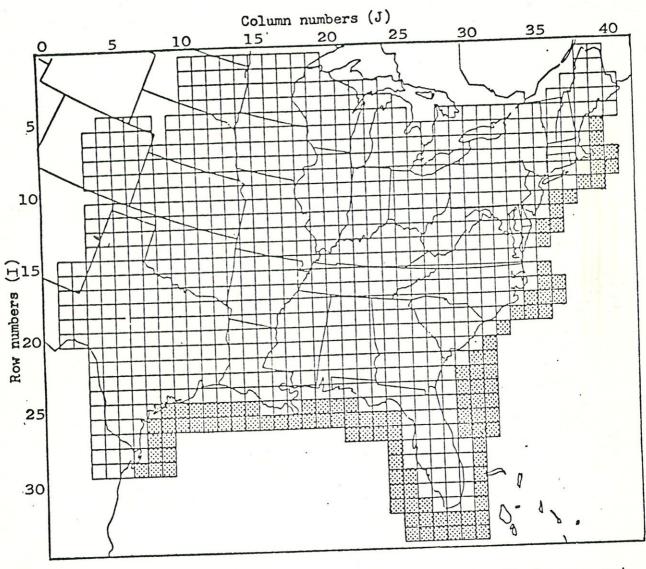
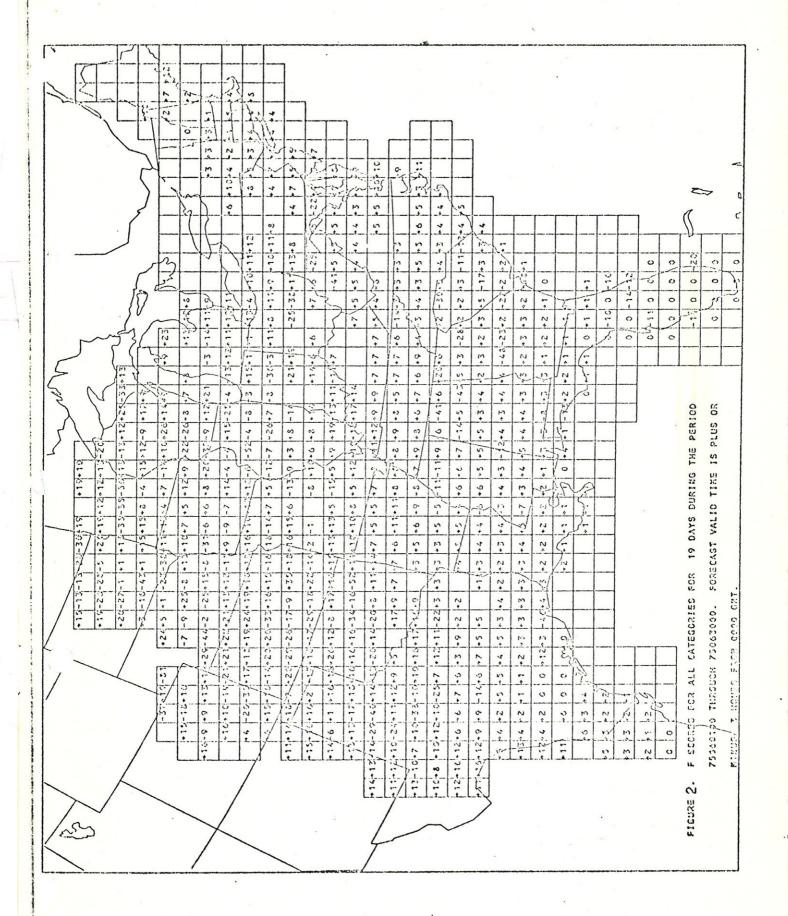


Figure 1. MDR grid region. Data from shaded overwater blocks were not used in the screening regression procedure. Neither were forecasts made for these blocks.



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